

Annex XII

VIEWS EXPRESSED BY THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE ON RENEWAL OF INSTITUTIONAL STRENGTHENING PROJECTS SUBMITTED TO THE 69th MEETING

Angola

1. The Executive Committee reviewed the report presented with the institutional strengthening project renewal request for Angola and noted with appreciation that the country reported 2011 country programme implementation data to the Multilateral Fund Secretariat and Article 7 data to the Ozone Secretariat indicating sustained phase-out of CFC consumption. The Executive Committee expressed the expectation that, within the next two years, Angola will continue the implementation of ODS phase-out activities with outstanding success to achieve the HCFC consumption freeze in 2013 and 10 per cent reduction in 2015.

Chile

2. The Executive Committee reviewed the report presented with the institutional strengthening project renewal request for Chile and noted with appreciation that the country reported 2011 country programme implementation and Article 7 data showing compliance with the Montreal Protocol targets. The Executive Committee acknowledged with appreciation that the Government of Chile continued its efforts to control the import and export of all ODS thus ensuring the sustained CFC phase-out and preparing to meet the HCFC consumption targets. The Executive Committee expressed the expectation that, in the next two years, Chile will continue the implementation of its planned activities with outstanding success in order to meet the HCFC and methyl bromide consumption targets.

Croatia

3. The Executive Committee reviewed the report submitted with the institutional strengthening project renewal request for Croatia and noted with appreciation that the country reported 2011 country programme implementation data to the Multilateral Fund Secretariat and Article 7 data to the Ozone Secretariat indicating compliance with the Montreal Protocol control measures. The Executive Committee acknowledged with appreciation that Croatia has a well-structured licensing and quota system and that the HCFC phase-out management plan (HPMP) has been implemented in an efficient and timely manner. The Executive Committee is therefore confident that Croatia will successfully continue activities at both the project and policy levels to enable the country to meet its Montreal Protocol targets.

Georgia

4. The Executive Committee reviewed the report submitted with the institutional strengthening project renewal request for Georgia and noted with appreciation that the country reported 2011 country programme implementation data to the Multilateral Fund Secretariat and 2011 Article 7 data to the Ozone Secretariat indicating that the country sustained the total phase-out of CFCs and was in compliance with the Montreal Protocol control measures. The Executive Committee also noted the approval and initiation of activities under the HCFC phase-out management plan. The Executive Committee expressed the expectation that, in the next two years, Georgia will sustain the phase-out of CFCs and continue successfully with the implementation of its HCFC phase-out management plan in order to meet the initial targets to freeze the consumption of HCFCs in 2013 and reduce them by 10 per cent in 2015.

Iraq

5. The Executive Committee reviewed the report presented with the institutional strengthening project renewal request and noted with appreciation that Iraq reported 2011 country programme implementation data to the Multilateral Fund Secretariat and Article 7 data to the Ozone Secretariat indicating sustained compliance with the total phase-out of CFCs, halons and CTC. The Executive Committee also noted with appreciation that Iraq enacted a comprehensive set of regulations for all ODS including HCFCs. The Executive Committee expressed the expectation that within the next two years, Iraq will continue implementation of its country programme and HCFC phase-out management plan activities with outstanding success with the aim to sustain ODS phase-out and achieve the HCFC consumption freeze in 2013 and 10 per cent reduction in 2015.

Kenya

6. The Executive Committee reviewed the information presented with the institutional strengthening project renewal request and noted with appreciation that Kenya reported 2011 Article 7 data to the Ozone Secretariat indicating that the country was in compliance with the Montreal Protocol control measures. The Executive Committee also noted with appreciation that during the current phase Kenya has taken significant steps to phase out its consumption of ODS, including the implementation of a licensing and quota system on ODS imports and the training of customs officers as well as refrigeration and air conditioning technicians. The Executive Committee encouraged Kenya to finalize the process of ratification of the Beijing Amendment as soon as possible and expressed the expectation that, within the next two years, Kenya will continue with outstanding success the implementation of the licensing and quota system, the HCFC phase-out management plan, and the methyl bromide phase-out activities in order to maintain compliance with current Montreal Protocol commitments and achieve the HCFC consumption freeze in 2013 and 10 per cent reduction in 2015.

Liberia

7. The Executive Committee reviewed the report submitted with the institutional strengthening project renewal request and noted with appreciation that Liberia reported 2011 country programme implementation data to the Multilateral Fund Secretariat and Article 7 data to the Ozone Secretariat indicating that the country sustained the total phase-out of CFCs. The Executive Committee expressed the expectation that, within the next two years, Liberia will continue with the implementation of its ODS phase-out activities with outstanding success in order to achieve the HCFC consumption freeze in 2013 and 10 per cent reduction in 2015.

Sierra Leone

8. The Executive Committee reviewed the report presented with the institutional strengthening project renewal request for Sierra Leone and noted with appreciation that the country reported 2011 country programme implementation data to the Multilateral Fund Secretariat and Article 7 data to the Ozone Secretariat indicating compliance with the Montreal Protocol targets. The Executive Committee also noted with appreciation the completion of the terminal phase-out management plan and the enacting and enforcement of a licensing and quota system on HCFC imports. The Executive Committee is therefore hopeful that, within the next two years, Sierra Leone will continue with the implementation of its HCFC phase-out management plan activities with outstanding success in order to achieve the HCFC consumption freeze in 2013 and 10 per cent reduction in 2015.

Sudan

9. The Executive Committee reviewed the report presented with the institutional strengthening project renewal request for Sudan and noted with appreciation that the country reported 2011 country programme implementation data to the Multilateral Fund Secretariat and Article 7 data to the Ozone Secretariat showing compliance with the Montreal Protocol targets. The Executive Committee also noted with appreciation the activities reported during the current phase including the implementation of the HCFC licensing and quota system. The Executive Committee is therefore hopeful that Sudan will continue with the implementation of its HCFC phase-out management plan activities with outstanding success in order to achieve the HCFC consumption freeze in 2013 and 10 per cent reduction in 2015.

Timor Leste

10. The Executive Committee reviewed the report submitted with the institutional strengthening project renewal request for Timor Leste and noted with appreciation that Timor Leste has reported 2011 country programme implementation data to the Multilateral Fund Secretariat and Article 7 data to the Ozone Secretariat indicating compliance with the Montreal Protocol measures. The Executive Committee is therefore optimistic that, within the next two years, Timor Leste will continue the implementation of its HCFC phase-out management plan with outstanding success in order to achieve the HCFC consumption freeze in 2013 and 10 per cent reduction in 2015.

Zimbabwe

11. The Executive Committee reviewed the information presented with the institutional strengthening project renewal request for Zimbabwe and noted with appreciation that Zimbabwe reported 2011 country programme implementation data to the Multilateral Fund Secretariat and Article 7 data to the Ozone Secretariat indicating sustained compliance with the Montreal Protocol targets for all ODS. The Executive Committee also noted with appreciation that during the current phase Zimbabwe has taken some significant steps to phase out its consumption of ODS, including the implementation of a licensing system on ODS imports and the training of customs officers and refrigeration technicians. The Executive Committee expressed the expectation that, within the next two years, Zimbabwe will continue with outstanding success the implementation of the HCFC import licensing and quota system, the HCFC phase-out management plan activities and the methyl bromide phase-out activities in order to maintain compliance with current Montreal Protocol commitments and achieve the HCFC consumption freeze in 2013 and 10 per cent reduction in 2015.
