

Annex X**VIEWS EXPRESSED BY THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE ON RENEWALS
OF INSTITUTIONAL STRENGTHENING PROJECTS
SUBMITTED TO THE 51st MEETING***Chile*

1. The Executive Committee has reviewed the report presented with the institutional strengthening project renewal request for Chile, and acknowledges the significant steps that have been taken by Chile to reduce its ODS consumption. These actions include among others, interagency coordination efforts related to project implementation, that ensure national compliance with Montreal Protocol commitments, as well as training, monitoring, and awareness raising campaigns. The Committee notes with appreciation that Chile has successfully returned to compliance with its methyl bromide obligations under the Protocol and that the regulation for ODS import/export control is being implemented. The Committee notes with concern however that the Country has not met its targets under its plan of action for methyl chloroform and urges Chile to undertake measures to meet its compliance commitments. The Executive Committee hopes that Chile will continue its integrated approach to ODS phase out for the next two years and until 2010.

Comoros

2. The Executive Committee has reviewed the report presented with the institutional strengthening project renewal request for Comoros, and notes with appreciation that Comoros has reported data to the Ozone Secretariat, indicating that it reduced its CFC consumption in 2005 beyond the required 50% reduction. The Executive Committee is therefore hopeful that, in the next two years, Comoros will continue with the implementation of its country programme and related activities with outstanding success, and achieve complete phase out of its ODS consumption ahead of schedule.

Congo

3. The Executive Committee has reviewed the report presented with the institutional strengthening project renewal request for Congo, and notes with appreciation that Congo has reported data to the Ozone Secretariat, indicating that it reduced its CFC consumption in 2005 beyond the required 50% reduction. The Executive Committee is therefore hopeful that, in the next two years, Congo will continue with the implementation of its country programme and related activities with outstanding success, and achieve complete phase out of its ODS consumption ahead of schedule.

Ecuador

4. The Executive Committee has reviewed the report presented with the institutional strengthening project renewal request for Ecuador, and notes with concern that Ecuador reported data to the Ozone Secretariat indicating that its level of methyl bromide consumption in 2005 exceeded its maximum allowable consumption under the Montreal Protocol for that year. The

Committee acknowledges, and will continue to support, the considerable steps that have been taken by the Government of Ecuador to reduce its ODS consumption. The Executive Committee is hopeful that, in the next two years, Ecuador will continue its strategic approach to ODS phase-out, including the implementation of ongoing projects and the enactment of supporting legislative measures. The Committee also hopes that Ecuador will successfully put in place controls to bring the country back to compliance with its methyl bromide obligations under the Montreal Protocol in 2007.

Egypt

5. The Executive Committee has reviewed the report presented with the institutional strengthening project renewal request for Egypt, and notes with appreciation that Egypt reported data to the Ozone Secretariat indicating that it reduced its CFC consumption in 2005 beyond its CFC compliance baseline. The Committee also notes that within the framework of the institutional strengthening project, Egypt has taken significant steps to phase out its ODS consumption, specifically, implementation of strategies in different sectors of ODS phase out, as well as continued regulatory efforts through the licensing and quota system. The Executive Committee greatly supports the efforts of Egypt to reduce the consumption of CFCs, and is hopeful that, in the next two years, Egypt will continue with the implementation of its country programme and related activities with outstanding success, and achieve further reductions of its CFC consumption levels.

Georgia

6. The Executive Committee has reviewed the report presented with the institutional strengthening project renewal request for Georgia, and notes with appreciation that Georgia has reported 2005 data to the Ozone Secretariat, indicating that it is on track with the phase out schedule in CFC consumption. The Executive Committee is therefore hopeful that, in the next two years, Georgia will continue with the implementation of its country programme and related activities with outstanding success, and achieve further reductions in its CFC consumption levels.

Liberia

7. The Executive Committee has reviewed the report presented with the institutional strengthening project renewal request for Liberia, and notes with appreciation that Liberia has reported 2005 data to the Ozone Secretariat, indicating that it is already in compliance with the 85% reduction target for 2007. The Executive Committee is therefore hopeful that, in the next two years, Liberia will continue with the implementation of its country programme and related activities with outstanding success, and remain in compliance with the CFC consumption reduction schedules of the Montreal Protocol.

Pakistan

8. The Executive Committee has reviewed the report presented with the institutional strengthening project renewal request for Pakistan, and notes with concern, that Pakistan reported data to the Ozone Secretariat indicating that its level of CTC consumption in

2005 exceeded its maximum allowable consumption under the Montreal Protocol for that year. The Committee also acknowledges the prompt action of Pakistan in presenting a plan of action to return it to compliance with the CTC control measures of the Montreal Protocol. Pakistan has taken significant steps to phase out its ODS consumption, specifically, moving forward with the implementation of the halon bank project, the RMP and CTC sector phase out, and controlling imports of CFCs and CFC based equipment through a licensing system. The Executive Committee greatly supports the efforts of Pakistan to reduce its consumption of ODS and is therefore hopeful that, in the next year, Pakistan will continue with the implementation of its country programme and related activities with outstanding success, and ensure its compliance with the CTC reduction schedules of the Montreal Protocol.

Sierra Leone

9. The Executive Committee has reviewed the report presented with the institutional strengthening project renewal request for Sierra Leone, and notes with appreciation that Sierra Leone has reported data to the Ozone Secretariat, indicating that it reduced its CFC consumption in 2005 beyond the required 50% reduction, and that the country achieved total phase out in other substances. The Executive Committee is therefore hopeful that, in the next year, Sierra Leone will continue with the implementation of its country programme and related activities with outstanding success, and achieve complete phase out of its ODS consumption ahead of schedule.