



**United Nations
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Executive Committee of
the Multilateral Fund for the
Implementation of the Montreal Protocol

Seventeenth Meeting
Montreal, 26-28 July 1995

COUNTRY PROGRAMME: SAINT LUCIA

This document consists of:

- Comments and Recommendations of the Fund Secretariat
- Country Programme Evaluation Sheet (prepared by the Fund Secretariat)

COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE FUND SECRETARIAT

COMMENTS

1. The Country Programme conforms to the format of the approved guidelines. The Country Programme includes a project proposal for the establishment of the Ozone Cell (institutional strengthening).
2. Consumption of ODS (7.46 ODP tonnes) is almost exclusively CFC for service refrigeration and air-conditioning systems and halon used in portable extinguishers (0.14 ODP tonnes) and in fixed installations (0.72 ODP tonnes).
3. Importation of halons and CFC-11 used for flushing refrigeration equipment during service has been discontinued. The phase-out schedule proposes a complete phase out in the consumption of CFC in the shortest possible time taking into account the availability of substitute technologies and their costs, the residual life of existing ODS based refrigeration equipment, and the need to invoke legislative and policy measures where required, consistent with existing regional treaties.
4. The implementation of the action plan will be supported by awareness encouraging early adoption of non-ODS based refrigeration equipment, use of administrative and fiscal measures for controlling imports of controlled substances and equipment or appliances using controlled substances.
5. An amount of US \$76,900 is being requested for an institutional strengthening project proposal, including US \$16,800 for infrastructure (computer with printer, photocopier, typewriter and furniture), for a three-year period.

RECOMMENDATIONS

6. The Fund Secretariat recommends as follows:
7. To approve the Saint Lucia Country Programme. Approval of the Country Programme does not denote approval of the projects identified therein or their funding levels.
8. In accordance with the Executive Committee decision on implementation of country programmes (UNEP/OzL.Pro/ExCom/10/40, para 135), to request the Government of Saint Lucia to provide information on the progress of implementation of the country programme within one year of its approval, and annually each subsequent year.
9. Noting the very low ODS consumption in the country, the Executive Committee may wish to consider whether a different approach needs to be taken to meeting the institutional needs of this country and other very low ODS consuming countries.

SAINT LUCIA COUNTRY PROGRAMME EVALUATION SHEET

National Implementing Agency: Ozone Cell, Ministry of Planning, Development and Environment

Status of ratification of the Vienna Convention and the Montreal Protocol

	Signature	Ratification	Entry Force
Vienna Convention (1985)		28/Jul/93	26/Oct/93
Montreal Protocol (1987)		28/Jul/93	26/Oct/93
London Amendment (1990)			
Copenhagen Amendment (1992)			

Production of controlled substances: 0 metric tonnes (mt)

Consumption of controlled substances (1993): 6.9 metric tonnes
(excluding methyl bromide) 6.6 weighted tonnes (ODP)

Substance	CFC						Halon			Solvents			M-Br
(ton)	11	12	113	114	115	Total	1211	1301	Total	CTC	MCF	Total	
ODS	0.2	6.0			0.7	6.9							
ODP	0.2	6.0			0.4	6.6							

Source: Country Programme (1995)

Distribution of ODP by substance:

CFC: 100.0% Halon: CTC, MCF:

Distribution of ODP by sector:

Sector: Aerosol Foam Halon Refrig. Solvent
Consumption (tonnes): 6.6
Percent of total: 100.0%

Note: In 1993, 0.144 ODP tonnes of halon 1211 and 0.72 ODP tonnes of halon 1301 were consumed

Country Programme

Duration of country programme: 1995-2008

ODS phase-out target:

Complete phase out by 2008

Phase-out priority area:

Refrigeration sector

Cost of activities in country programme: \$700,000

Strategy:

The Govt. is committed to phase out the most of ODSs consumed by 2005 with a total phase out by 2008, taking into account availability of substitute technologies and their costs, the residual life of existing ODS based equipment, and the need to invoke legislative and policy measures where required, consistent with existing regional treaties. The Govt. actions include institutional strengthening, encouraging early adoption of non-ODS based equipment, training of service personnel and administrative and fiscal measures for controlling imports of ODS and ODS based equipment.