

Annex IX

VIEWS EXPRESSED BY THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE ON RENEWAL OF INSTITUTIONAL STRENGTHENING PROJECTS SUBMITTED TO THE 67th MEETING

Bolivia (Plurinational State of)

1. The Executive Committee reviewed the report submitted with the institutional strengthening project renewal for the Plurinational State of Bolivia and noted with appreciation that the country reported 2010 Article 7 data to the Ozone Secretariat indicating that it is in compliance with the Montreal Protocol control measures. The Executive Committee also noted that during this phase the Plurinational State of Bolivia made progress in the process of ratification of the Beijing Amendment and started implementation of its HCFC phase-out management plan. The Executive Committee encouraged the Plurinational State of Bolivia to ratify the Beijing Amendment as soon as possible and expressed the expectation that, in the next two years, the Plurinational State of Bolivia will sustain the phase-out of CFCs and continue successfully with the implementation of its HCFC phase-out management plan in order to meet the initial targets to freeze consumption of HCFCs in 2013 and reduce them by 10 per cent in 2015.

Brunei Darussalam

2. The Executive Committee reviewed the report of the institutional strengthening project extension for Brunei Darussalam and noted with appreciation that Brunei Darussalam reported 2011 country programme implementation data to the Multilateral Fund Secretariat indicating that the country sustained the total phase-out of CFCs and is in compliance with the Montreal Protocol control measures. The Executive Committee expressed the expectation that, in the next two years, Brunei Darussalam will sustain the phase-out of CFCs and continue the implementation of its HCFC phase-out management plan with outstanding success in order to meet the initial targets to freeze consumption of HCFCs in 2013 and reduce them by 10 per cent in 2015.

Cook Islands (the)

3. The Executive Committee reviewed the report of the institutional strengthening project extension for the Cook Islands and noted with appreciation that the Cook Islands reported 2010 Article 7 data to the Ozone Secretariat indicating that the country is in compliance with the Montreal Protocol control measures. The Executive Committee expressed the expectation that, in the next two years, the Cook Islands will sustain the phase-out of CFCs and continue successfully with the implementation of its HCFC phase-out management plan in order to meet the initial targets to freeze the consumption of HCFCs in 2013 and reduce them by 10 per cent in 2015.

Egypt

4. The Executive Committee reviewed the report presented with the institutional strengthening project renewal request for Egypt and noted with appreciation that Egypt reported 2011 country programme implementation data to the Multilateral Fund Secretariat indicating that the country is in compliance with the Montreal Protocol control measures. The Executive Committee expressed the expectation that, in the next two years, Egypt will sustain the phase-out of CFCs and continue implementation of its HCFC phase-out management plan with outstanding success in order to meet the initial targets to freeze the consumption of HCFCs in 2013 and reduce them by 10 per cent in 2015.

Fiji

5. The Executive Committee reviewed the report of the institutional strengthening project extension for Fiji and noted with appreciation that Fiji reported 2011 country programme implementation data to the Multilateral Fund Secretariat and Article 7 data to the Ozone Secretariat indicating that the country sustained the total phase-out of CFCs and is in compliance with the Montreal Protocol control measures. The Executive Committee expressed the expectation that, in the next two years, Fiji will sustain the phase-out of CFCs and continue successfully with the implementation of its HCFC phase-out management plan in order to meet the initial targets to freeze the consumption of HCFCs in 2013 and reduce them by 10 per cent in 2015.

Gambia (the)

6. The Executive Committee reviewed the report presented with the institutional strengthening project renewal for the Gambia and noted with appreciation that the Gambia reported 2010 Article 7 data to the Ozone Secretariat showing that the country is in compliance with the Montreal Protocol control measures. The Executive Committee expressed the expectation that, in the next two years, the Gambia will sustain the phase-out of CFCs and continue successfully with the implementation of its HCFC phase-out management plan in order to meet the initial targets to freeze consumption of HCFCs in 2013 and reduce them by 10 per cent in 2015.

Ghana

7. The Executive Committee reviewed the report presented with the institutional strengthening renewal request for Ghana and noted with appreciation the achievements made by Ghana's National Ozone Unit during the present phase, which include the implementation of the HCFC phase-out management plan and the ODS disposal project. The Executive Committee acknowledged with appreciation that Ghana reported 2011 Article 7 data to the Ozone Secretariat showing that the total phase-out of CFCs has been maintained in conformity with the Montreal Protocol, and that the country is in compliance with the Montreal Protocol control measures. The Executive Committee commended the Government of Ghana for its achievements and expressed the expectation that, in the next two years, Ghana will continue to sustain its ODS phase-out targets including achievement of the HCFC targets in 2013 and 2015.

Grenada

8. The Executive Committee reviewed the report of the institutional strengthening project renewal for Grenada and noted with appreciation that Grenada reported 2011 country programme implementation data to the Multilateral Fund Secretariat indicating that the country sustained the total phase-out of CFCs and is in compliance with the Montreal Protocol control measures. The Executive Committee expressed the expectation that, in the next two years, Grenada will sustain the phase-out of CFCs and continue the implementation of its HCFC phase-out management plan with outstanding success in order to meet the initial targets to freeze the consumption of HCFCs in 2013 and reduce them by 10 per cent in 2015.

Guinea-Bissau

9. The Executive Committee reviewed the report presented with the institutional strengthening project renewal for Guinea-Bissau and noted that Guinea-Bissau reported 2011 Article 7 data to the Ozone Secretariat indicating that the country is in compliance with the Montreal Protocol control measures. The Executive Committee expressed the expectation that, in the next two years, Guinea-Bissau will sustain the phase-out of CFCs and continue successfully with the implementation of its HCFC phase-out management plan in order to meet the initial targets to freeze the consumption of HCFCs in 2013 and reduce them by 10 per cent in 2015.

Iran (Islamic Republic of)

10. The Executive Committee reviewed the information reported for the eighth phase of the institutional strengthening project for the Islamic Republic of Iran and noted with appreciation that the Islamic Republic of Iran reported 2011 country programme implementation data to the Multilateral Fund Secretariat showing that the country is in compliance with the Montreal Protocol control measures. The Executive Committee also noted that the country has taken significant steps to initiate the implementation of the HCFC phase-out management plan and to complete the national phase-out plan and the CFC metered-dose inhaler manufacturing project. The Executive Committee appreciated the effort of the Islamic Republic of Iran to reduce ODS consumption and expressed the expectation that, in the next two years, the Islamic Republic of Iran will continue implementation of its HCFC phase-out management plan with outstanding success in order to meet the initial targets to freeze consumption of HCFCs in 2013 and reduce them by 10 per cent in 2015.

Lao People's Democratic Republic (the)

11. The Executive Committee reviewed the report of the institutional strengthening project extension for the Lao People's Democratic Republic and noted with appreciation that the country reported 2010 Article 7 data to the Ozone Secretariat indicating that it is in compliance with the Montreal Protocol control measures. The Executive Committee expressed the expectation that, in the next two years, the Lao People's Democratic Republic will sustain the phase-out of CFCs and continue successfully with the implementation of its HCFC phase-out management plan in order to meet the initial targets to freeze the consumption of HCFCs in 2013 and reduce them by 10 per cent in 2015.

Madagascar

12. The Executive Committee reviewed the report presented with the institutional strengthening project renewal for Madagascar and noted with appreciation that the country reported 2010 Article 7 data to the Ozone Secretariat indicating that it is in compliance with the Montreal Protocol control measures. The Executive Committee expressed the expectation that, in the next two years, Madagascar will sustain the phase-out of CFCs and continue successfully with the implementation of its HCFC phase-out management plan in order to meet the initial targets to freeze the consumption of HCFCs in 2013 and reduce them by 10 per cent in 2015.

Maldives

13. The Executive Committee reviewed the report of the institutional strengthening project extension for Maldives and noted with appreciation that Maldives reported 2011 data to the Ozone Secretariat indicating that the country sustained the total phase-out of CFCs and is in compliance with the Montreal Protocol control measures. The Executive Committee expressed the expectation that, in the next two years, Maldives will sustain the phase-out of CFCs and continue the implementation of the HCFC phase-out management plan with outstanding success to meet the initial targets to freeze the consumption of HCFCs in 2013 and reduce them by 10 per cent in 2015.

Micronesia (Federated States of)

14. The Executive Committee reviewed the report of the institutional strengthening project extension for the Federated States of Micronesia and noted with appreciation that the country reported 2011 Article 7 data to the Ozone Secretariat indicating that it is in compliance with the Montreal Protocol control measures. The Executive Committee expressed the expectation that, in the next two years, the Federated States of Micronesia will sustain the phase-out of CFCs and continue successfully with the

implementation of its HCFC phase-out management plan in order to meet the initial targets to freeze the consumption of HCFCs in 2013 and reduce them by 10 per cent in 2015.

Nauru

15. The Executive Committee reviewed the report of the institutional strengthening project extension for Nauru and noted with appreciation that Nauru reported 2010 Article 7 data to the Ozone Secretariat indicating that the country is in compliance with the Montreal Protocol control measures. The Executive Committee expressed the expectation that, in the next two years, Nauru will sustain the phase-out of CFCs and continue successfully with the implementation of its HCFC phase-out management plan in order to meet the initial targets to freeze the consumption of HCFCs in 2013 and reduce them by 10 per cent in 2015.

Nepal

16. The Executive Committee reviewed the report of the institutional strengthening project extension for Nepal and noted with appreciation that Nepal reported 2011 Article 7 data to the Ozone Secretariat indicating that the country sustained the total phase-out of CFCs and is in compliance with the Montreal Protocol control measures. The Executive Committee also noted with appreciation that the Government of Nepal has deposited its instruments of ratification of the Copenhagen, Montreal and Beijing Amendments of the Montreal Protocol with the United Nations in New York and that the Amendments will enter into force for Nepal on 16 August 2012. The Executive Committee expressed the expectation that, in the next two years, Nepal will sustain the phase-out of CFCs and continue the implementation of its HCFC phase-out management plan with outstanding success in order to meet the initial targets to freeze the consumption of HCFCs in 2013 and reduce them by 10 per cent in 2015.

Republic of Moldova (the)

17. The Executive Committee reviewed the report submitted with the institutional strengthening project renewal for the Republic of Moldova and noted with appreciation that the Republic of Moldova reported 2011 country programme implementation data to the Multilateral Fund Secretariat and 2011 Article 7 data to the Ozone Secretariat. The Executive Committee acknowledged with appreciation that the Republic of Moldova has attained zero CFC consumption target in 2010 under the Montreal Protocol and has taken significant steps to initiate the implementation of its HCFC phase-out management plan. The Executive Committee expressed the expectation that, in the next two years, the Republic of Moldova will sustain the phase-out of CFCs and will continue the implementation of its HCFC phase-out management plan with outstanding success in order to meet the initial targets to freeze the consumption of HCFCs in 2013 and reduce them by 10 per cent in 2015.

Saudi Arabia

18. The Executive Committee reviewed the report presented with the institutional strengthening project renewal request for Saudi Arabia and noted with appreciation that Saudi Arabia reported 2010 Article 7 data to the Ozone Secretariat indicating that the country is in compliance with the Montreal Protocol control measures. The Executive Committee also noted that, within the framework of the institutional strengthening project, Saudi Arabia has achieved in 2009-2010 a remarkable phase-out of its ODS consumption and fulfilled its commitments in completely phasing out the consumption of CFCs.

19. The Executive Committee commended the efforts of Saudi Arabia to complete the implementation of its national phase-out management plan for CFCs, encouraged Saudi Arabia to ratify the Montreal and Beijing Amendments as soon as possible and expressed the expectation that, in the next two years, Saudi Arabia will sustain the phase-out of CFCs, continue successfully with the implementation of its on-going HCFC phase-out activities and finalize the formulation of its HCFC

phase-out management plan in order to meet the initial targets to freeze the consumption of HCFCs in 2013 and reduce them by 10 per cent in 2015.

Sri Lanka

20. The Executive Committee reviewed the information reported for the eighth phase of the institutional strengthening project for Sri Lanka and noted with appreciation that the country reported 2011 country programme implementation data to the Multilateral Fund Secretariat showing that the total phase-out of CFCs has been maintained in conformity with the Montreal Protocol. The Executive Committee also noted that the country has taken significant steps to initiate the implementation of the HCFC phase-out management plan and to complete on-going projects to sustain the CFCs consumption phase-out. The Executive Committee commended Sri Lanka's efforts to reduce the consumption of ODS and expressed the expectation that, in the next two years, Sri Lanka will continue implementation of its HCFC phase-out management plan with outstanding success in order to meet the initial targets to freeze consumption of HCFCs in 2013 and reduce them by 10 per cent in 2015.

Suriname

21. The Executive Committee reviewed the report submitted with the institutional strengthening project renewal for Suriname and noted with appreciation that the country reported 2011 country programme implementation data to the Multilateral Fund Secretariat indicating that Suriname is in compliance with the Montreal Protocol control measures. The Executive Committee expressed the expectation that, in the next two years, Suriname will sustain the phase-out of CFCs and continue the implementation of its HCFC phase-out management plan with outstanding success in order to meet the initial targets to freeze the consumption of HCFCs in 2013 and reduce them by 10 per cent in 2015.

Tuvalu

22. The Executive Committee reviewed the report of the institutional strengthening project extension for Tuvalu and noted with appreciation that Tuvalu reported 2010 data to the Ozone Secretariat indicating that the country is in compliance with the Montreal Protocol control measures. The Executive Committee expressed the expectation that, in the next two years, Tuvalu will sustain the phase-out of CFCs and continue successfully with the implementation of its HCFC phase-out management plan in order to meet the initial targets to freeze the consumption of HCFCs in 2013 and reduce them by 10 per cent in 2015.

Vanuatu

23. The Executive Committee reviewed the report of the institutional strengthening project extension for Vanuatu and noted with appreciation that Vanuatu reported 2011 country programme implementation data to the Multilateral Fund Secretariat indicating that the country sustained the total phase-out of CFCs and is in compliance with the Montreal Protocol control measures. The Executive Committee expressed the expectation that, in the next two years, Vanuatu will sustain the phase-out of CFCs and continue successfully with the implementation of its HCFC phase-out management plan in order to meet the initial targets to freeze the consumption of HCFCs in 2013 and reduce them by 10 per cent in 2015.
